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SECURIT	IES AND EXCHANGE C Washington, D.C. 2054		3235-0123 October 31, 2004
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	PART III FACING PAGE		
209 Anformation Required	of Brokers and Dealers Purs		ne AB
Securities Exch	ange Act of 1934 and Rule 1	7a-5 Thereunder	3/11/06
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	<u>0</u> 1/01/05	AND ENDING	<u>12/31/0</u> 5
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER - DEALER: Blac	kmont Capital Corp	•	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINES	S: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	1	
. In Division of Time of The Division of Business	S. (Bonoraso I.o. Bon Ive.)	_	FIRM ID. NO.
BCE Place, 181 Bay Street, Suite 900, P.O. B	Box 779,		
	(No. and Street)		
Toronto	Ontario		M5J 2T3
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
<u>NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSO</u>	N TO CONTACT IN REGAR	ED TO THIS REPORT	
Mr. James Lexovsky			(A16) 914 700E
			(416) 814-7895 (Area Code – Telephone No.)
	OOLINITANIT IDENTIFI	OATION.	
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose	opinion is contained in this R	eport*	
Ernst & Young <u>LLP</u>			
(Name –	if individual, state last, first, mide	lle name)	
Ernat 9 Vauna Tawar D O Bay 254			
Ernst & Young Tower, P.O. Box 251,			
222 Bay Street	Toronto	Ontario	M5K 1J7
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		(State) PROC	ESSED
Certified Public Accountant			2 6 2006
Public Accountant		THO	
Accountant not resident in U	nited States or any of its r	CIRIA	NCIAL -
Accommendation for resident in C	Similes VI MITY VI IIS I	, 0 20 4010 1191	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Y	`
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

BLACKMONT CAPITAL CORP

(SEC I.D. NO. 8-52658)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

* * * * * *

Filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as a PUBLIC DOCUMENT

AFFIRMATION

I affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supplemental schedules pertaining to Blackmont Capital Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2005, are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the Company nor any officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

Robert	Matthews
Robert	Matthews

CFO

February 24, 2006

Date

Subscribed and sworn to before me, On this waday of February 2006.

Notary Public

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This report contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (x) Independent Auditors' Report.
- (x) (a) Facing Page.
- (x) (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (x) (c) Statement of Operations.
- (x) (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (x) (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity.
- (x) (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors.
- (x) Notes to Financial Statements.
- (x) (g) Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- (x) (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- () (i) Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to the Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Not Applicable).
- (x) (j) A Reconciliation, including Appropriate Explanations, of the Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements under Rule 15c3-3 (Not Required).
- () (k) A Reconciliation between the Audited and Unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to Methods of Consolidation (Not Applicable).
- (x) (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- () (m) A Copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report (Not Required).
- (x) (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit (Supplemental Report on Internal Control).

Assurance and Advisory Business Services

ASSURANCE SERVICES

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information [Expressed in U.S. dollars]

Blackmont Capital Corp.

December 31, 2005

With

Report And Supplementary Report Of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC **ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Blackmont Capital Corp.

We have audited the statement of financial condition of Blackmont Capital Corp. as of December 31, 2005 and the statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining on a test basis evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Blackmont Capital Corp. at December 31, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ernst & young UP Toronto, Canada, February 17, 2006.

Chartered Accountants

ERNST&YOUNG

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

Λc	at i	Dec	em	her	21
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	2005
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,008,856
Due from brokers and dealers	297,854
Prepaid expenses	36,600
	2,343,310
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Liabilities	20.005
Accounts payable	28,885
Income taxes payable Due to customers	105,751 236,992
Due to parent [note 3]	1,535
Subordinated loans [note 4]	1,350,000
Total liabilities	1,723,163
Stockholder's equity	
Capital stock	
Authorized, issued and outstanding	
250,000 common shares	250,000
Retained earnings	370,147
Total stockholder's equity	620,147
	2,343,310

STATEMENT OF INCOME

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

Vear	ended	December	3	1
1 Cai	cnaca	December	J	1

	2005
REVENUE	
Commission income	1,711,502
Foreign exchange gain	694
Interest	44,522
	1,756,718
EXPENSES	
Compensation and benefits	929,275
Communications and technology	33,211
Brokerage, clearing and exchange fees	88,601
Professional services	35,158
Business development	7,809
Interest on subordinated loan [note 3]	66,500
Management fees [note 3]	227,025
Other	3,426
	1,391,005
Income before income taxes	365,713
Provision for income taxes	150,327
Net income for the year	215,386

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY [Expressed in U.S. dollars]

Year ended December 31

	2005 \$
CAPITAL STOCK	1
Balance, beginning and end of year	250,000
RETAINED EARNINGS	
Balance, beginning of year	154,761
Net income for the year	215,386
Balance, end of year	370,147
Total stockholder's equity	620,147

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

Year ended December 31

	2005 \$
Balance, beginning of year	750,000
New loans during the year	600,000
Balance, end of year	1,350,000

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

Vant	andad	Decemi	ha=	21	
i eai	ended	Decem	per-	21	

	2005
	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income for the year	215,386
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Increase in due from brokers and dealers	(263,781)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(6,879)
Decrease in due to parent	(21,573)
Increase in income taxes payable	103,727
Decrease in accounts payable	(21,073)
Increase in due to customers	236,992
Net cash provided by operating activities	242,799
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Subordinated loan	600,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	600,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	842,799
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,166,057
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	2,008,856
Supplemental cash flow information	
Interest paid	66,500
Income taxes paid	46,000
moone with hard	70,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

December 31, 2005

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Blackmont Capital Corp. (formerly First Associates Investments (USA) Inc.) [the "Company"] was incorporated on March 3, 2000 under the provisions of the Ontario Business Corporations Act and commenced operations on March 1, 2001. The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. The Company's primary source of revenue is commission income for securities trade execution for U.S. resident clients.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Blackmont Capital Inc. (formerly First Associates Investments Inc.), a Canadian-owned investment dealer and is a member of the Investment Dealers Association of Canada. The Company clears all transactions for institutional clients with its parent. The Company clears all transactions for its retail clients through Pershing LLC. Accordingly, the Company does not hold customer securities or perform custodial functions relating to customer accounts.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The significant accounting policies are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and short-term interest bearing notes and treasury bills with a term to maturity of less than three months from the date of purchase.

Securities transactions

Customers' securities transactions are recorded on a settlement-date basis, with related commission income and expenses recorded on a trade-date basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

December 31, 2005

Income taxes

The Company's tax provision is composed only of Canadian tax expense and is in accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. The Company uses the asset and liability method in accounting for income taxes on all transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements. The asset and liability method requires that deferred income taxes be adjusted to reflect the tax rates at which future taxable amounts will be settled or realized. The effects of tax rate changes on future deferred tax assets and liabilities, as well as other changes in income tax laws, are recognized in net income in the year such changes are enacted. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Translation of foreign currencies

These financial statements have been expressed in U.S. dollars. Certain revenue and expenses were incurred by the Company in Canadian dollars. These have been converted to U.S. dollars using the U.S. exchange rate on the transaction date. Assets and liabilities denominated in Canadian dollars have been converted into U.S. dollars using the exchange rate prevailing as at December 31, 2005.

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has a balance in its clearing account with its parent in the amount of \$159,547 which relates to commissions receivable as at December 31, 2005.

The Company has entered into an arrangement with its parent whereby the parent will perform certain securities execution activities and record-keeping services as agent for the Company. The parent charged the Company \$227,025 for this service for the year ended December 31, 2005.

The net balance due to the parent was \$1,535 as at December 31, 2005.

The Company paid \$66,500 in interest on the subordinated loan provided by its parent as at December 31, 2005.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

December 31, 2005

4. SUBORDINATED LOANS

The subordinated loans aggregating \$1,350,000 have been approved by the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc., and bear interest at 7.0% per annum. One subordinated loan of \$150,000 is not repayable before November 30, 2006, while another loan of \$600,000 is not repayable before September 30, 2007 and another loan of \$600,000 is not repayable before September 30, 2008. The loans have been subordinated to the claims of the general creditors and repayment of the subordinated loans are subject to the approval of the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc.

5. REGULATORY NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the net capital rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission [Rule 15c3-1]. The Company computes its net capital requirement under the alternative method provided for in Rule 15c3-1, which requires that the Company maintain net capital equal to the greater of 2% of aggregate customer-related debit items, as defined, or \$250,000. As at December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$1,933,547, which was \$1,683,547 in excess of the required net capital of \$250,000.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value

All of the Company's assets and liabilities are short-term in nature and their carrying values therefore approximate their fair values.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as the cash equivalents are short-term in nature.

Credit risk

In the normal course of business, the Company settles various client transactions through Pershing LLC and its parent. To the extent that clients or counterparties fail to satisfy their obligations relating to these transactions, the Company is exposed to credit risk. In these situations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at unfavourable market prices. The Company's most significant credit risk at the year end is with Pershing LLC and its parent.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
SUFFLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
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As at December 31

Excess net capital

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

	2005 \$
Total stockholder's equity Subordinated loans	620,147 1,350,000
Total capital and subordinated loans Deductions and/or capital charges	1,970,147
Total non-allowable assets	36,600
Net capital	1,933,547
Computation of net capital requirement Greater of \$250,000 or 2% of aggregate debit items, as defined	250,000

RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL	2005 \$
Net capital as reported in December 31, 2005 unaudited FOCUS Part II A Report Adjustments for income taxes	1,702,467 (18,920)
Net Capital per audited computation above	1,683,547

1,683,547

STATEMENT PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Expressed in U.S. dollars]

As at December 31, 2005

EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION (k)(2)(ii) is claimed:

The Company does not carry any customer accounts and is exempt from Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph (k)(2)(ii) because all customer transactions are cleared through other broker-dealers on a fully disclosed basis.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON INTERNAL CONTROL

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Blackmont Capital Corp.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of **Blackmont Capital Corp.** [the "Company"] for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ["SEC"], we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate debits and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; and
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- 3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid or excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or

disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that meet the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Toronto, Canada, February 17, 2006.

Ernst . young UP

Chartered Accountants

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

www.ey.com/ca